

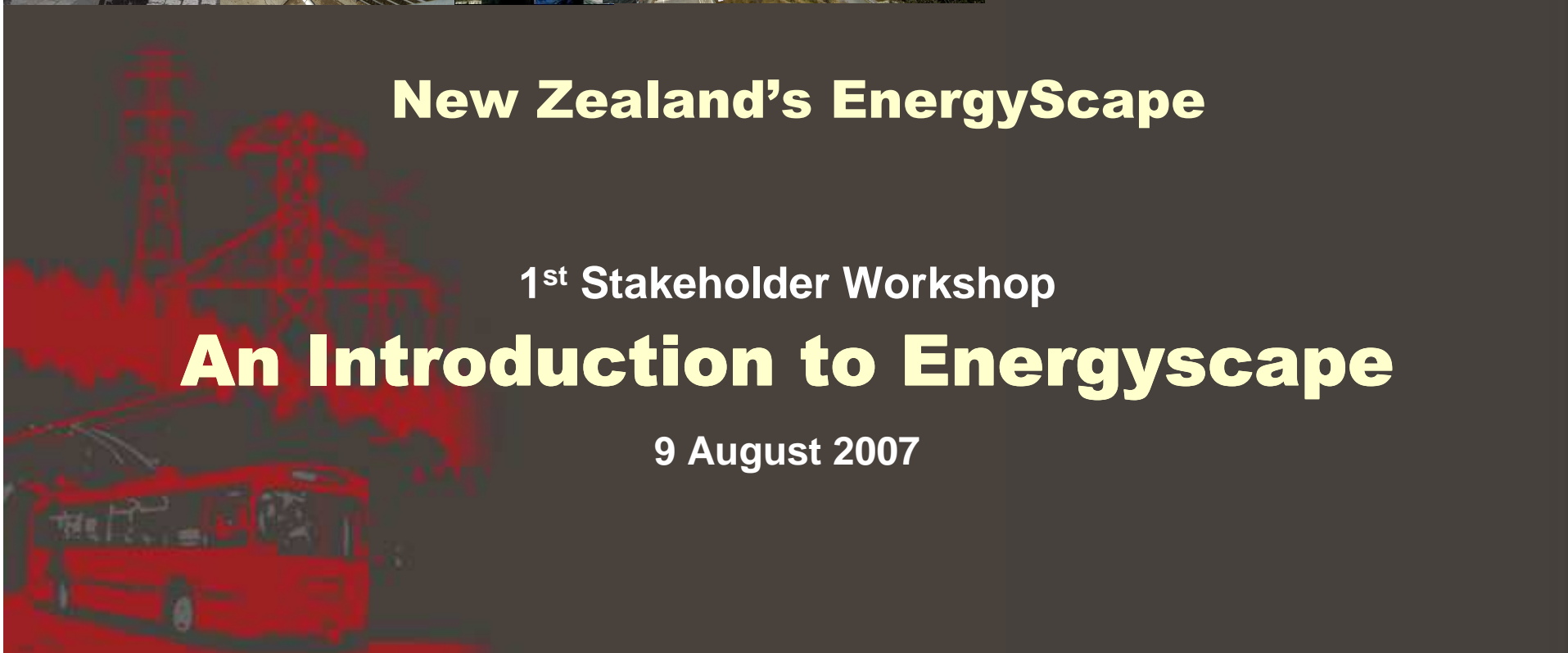


New Zealand's EnergyScape

1st Stakeholder Workshop

An Introduction to Energyscape

9 August 2007



Agenda

2000 2005 2030 2050

- Overview of overall project.
- Overviews from individual projects:
 - Hydrogen Economy.
 - Bioenergy Options.
 - Indigenous Energy Options and Energyscape.
- Questions and feedback.

We are developing a high level process
to develop strategy ...

Have we got it right?

Overall Project Overview – Andrew Campbell

2000 2005 2030 2050

- Background.
- The linked projects
- Project stages and timing.
- Where to from here.

Background

2000 2005 2030 2050

- National Energy Strategy: “... two major long term energy challenges ...”
 - Responding to climate change ...
 - à low carbon energy options.
 - Delivering secure, clean, affordable, energy while being environmentally responsible.
- ... but for New Zealand:
 - What are our indigenous energy options?
 - How can we best use them?
 - What will New Zealand’s future “energyscape” look like?
 - Need a high level tool to assess those futures.
 - à To identify the priority research to best prepare us.

New Zealand’s EnergyScape



Four Linked Projects

2000 2005 2030 2050

- Hydrogen Economy
- Bioenergy Options
- Indigenous Resources
- (... and now) **CCS**

... to a consortium of CRL Energy,
IRL, Scion, GNS, NIWA and associates

New Zealand's EnergyScape



Overall Linked Energyscape Project (lead by NIWA)

2000 2005 2030 2050

Resource maps and related constraints:

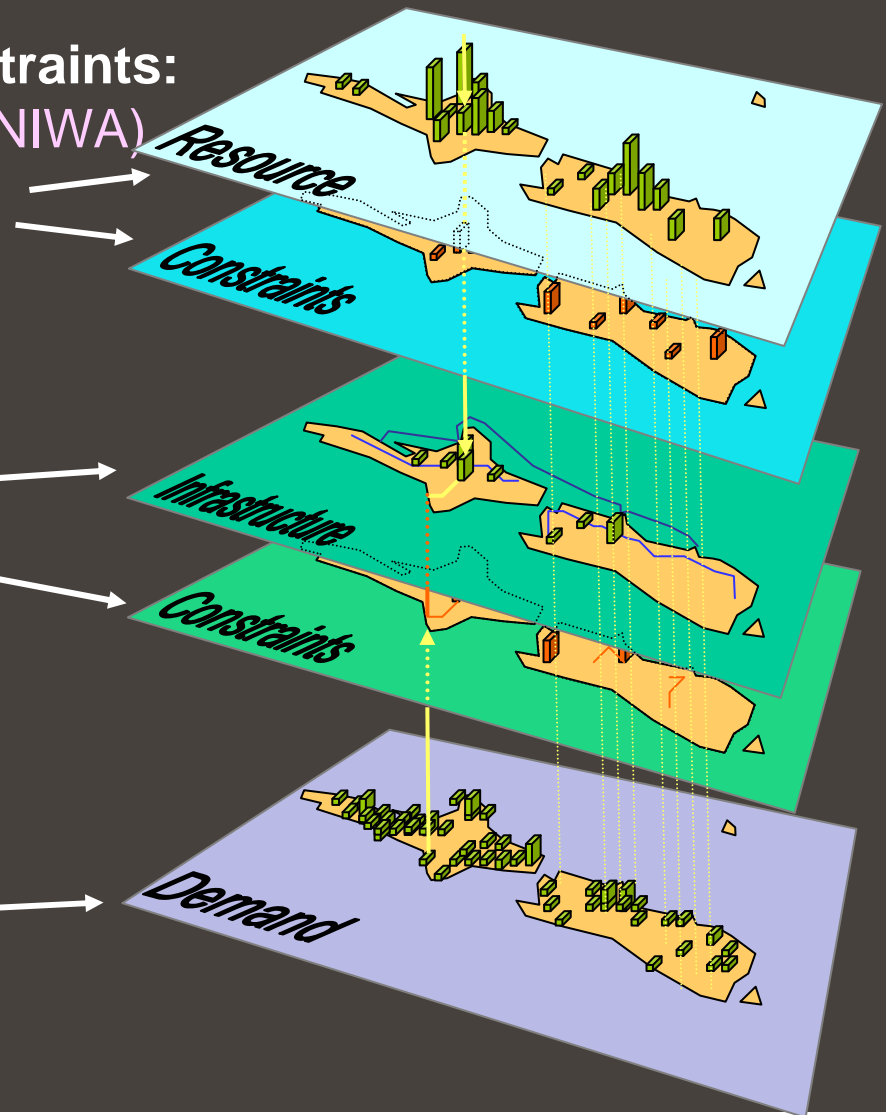
- Climate-driven (wind, hydro, etc., NIWA)
- Earth (coal, oil, gas, etc., NIWA)
- Bioenergy (lead by Scion)
- CCS (lead by GNS)
- Constraints

Infrastructure maps:

- Current
- Potential
- Imported energy use
- Hydrogen (lead by CRL)
- Constraints

Demand maps (lead by CRL):

- Current
- Forecast



New Zealand's EnergyScape



Project Outputs

2000 2005 2030 2050

2. Single energy pathway calculations:

- Energy Resource and constraints & gaps

3. Future scenario, multi-pathway analysis:

- Economic infrastructure and constraints
- Development of analysis framework.
- Emissions Demand

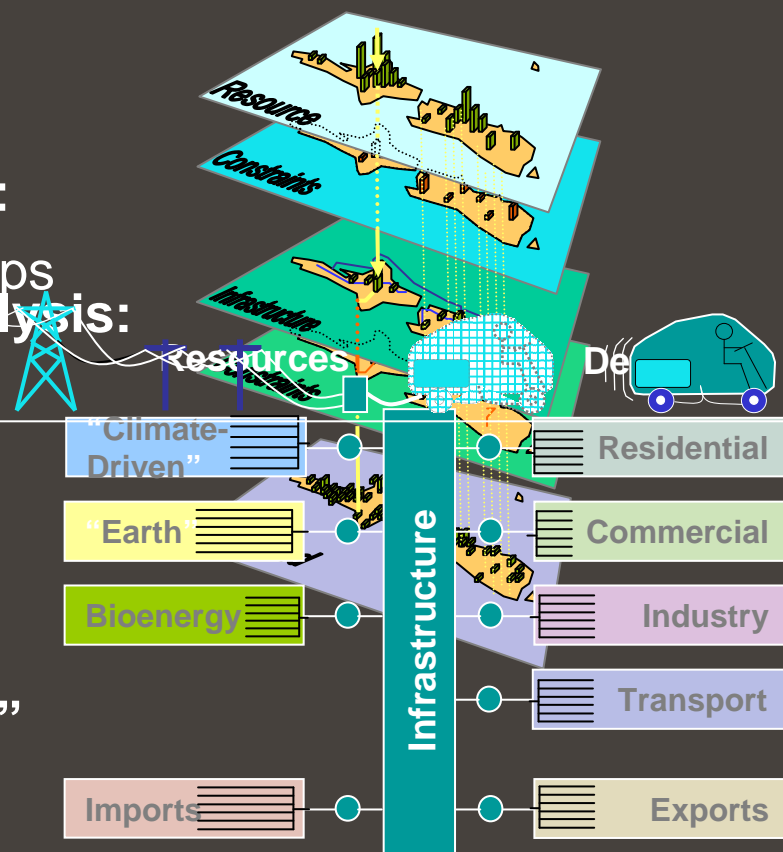
- à identify NZ's possible future

EnergyScape

à further gaps

à research plan to get us there

4. Stakeholder and public “outreach”



New Zealand's EnergyScape



Framework Capabilities

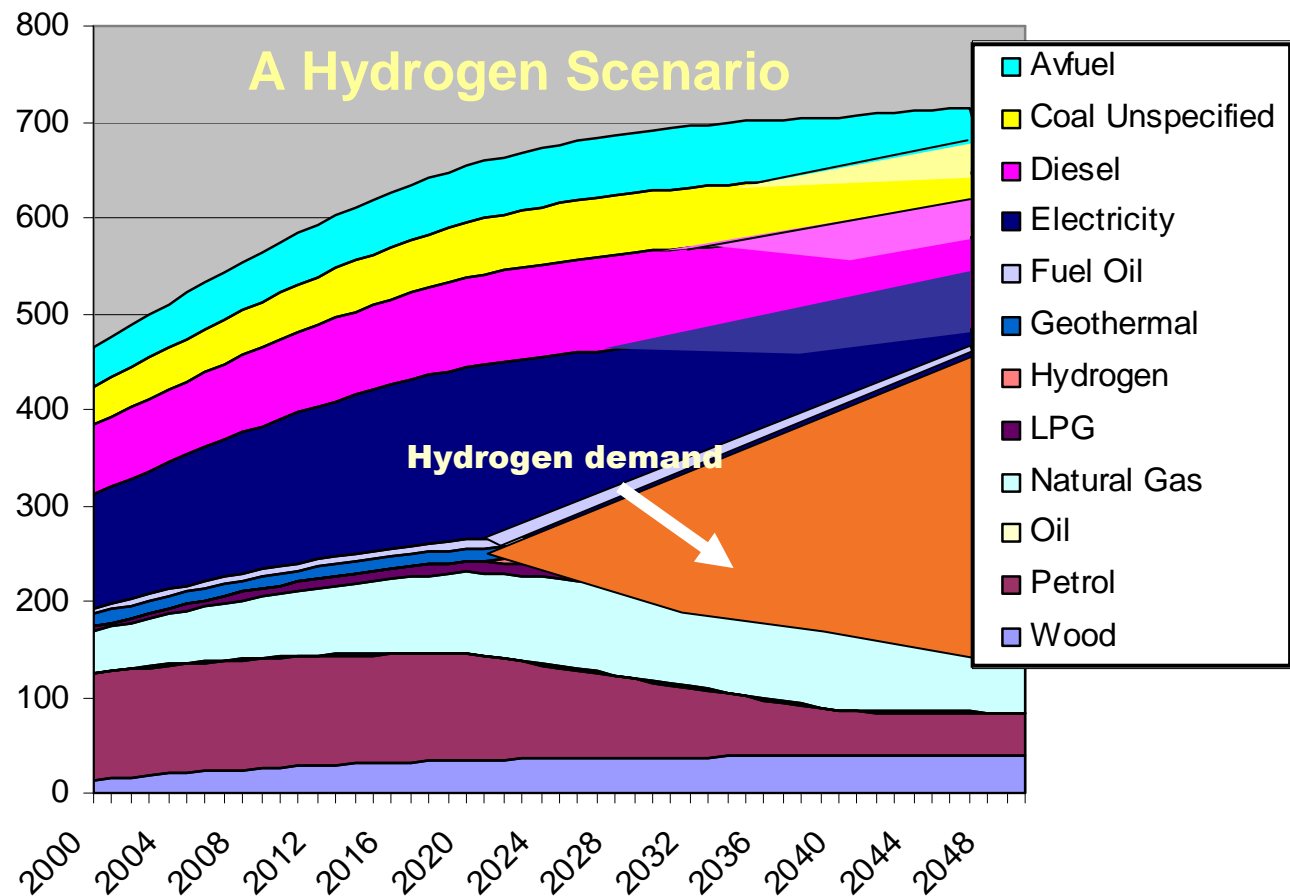
2000 2005 2030 2050

- Flexible – able to test various energy futures, whatever the drivers:
 - energy security?
 - climate change?
 - ... or will there be a new calamity? ... water?
- Working at a high level – paradigm shifts.
- To identify the show-stoppers.
- To consider physical attributes, not demand side behaviour change.
- Able to be updated.
- Accessible.

Future Scenarios

- Used to test limits ...
 - What will the drivers be?
 - What broad energy goals will be?

- For example:
 - All vehicles powered by electricity
 - 100% renewable electricity
 - All light commercial vehicles powered by hydrogen
 - 50% light commercial vehicles powered by hydrogen
- à Identify what the drivers will be
- à And where the drivers will be



New Zealand's EnergyScape



Gaps in Understanding and Research Types

2000 2005 2030 2050

- “Mainstream” and likely to come from overseas.
- New Zealand-specific (e.g., climate, land use-related, etc.).
- Mainstream but a business case for New Zealand research.
- A range of research providers including: industry; CRIs/CRL; and universities.

Process Validation

2000 2005 2030 2050

- **“Steering” Committee**
 - Leaders in industry and government.
- **“Government Group”**
 - MED, MoT/MfE, EECA and linkages to “whole of government”.
- **Stakeholders**
 - Today’s introduction.
 - Two 1½-day workshops – Nov ’07 and March ’08.
 - Specific meetings/requests for information/input.
- **Other**
 - Conferences and seminars.

Timetable ...

Stage 1: Provision of Situation Analysis

- Resources and issues maps.
- Infrastructure and issues maps
- First pathway assessments

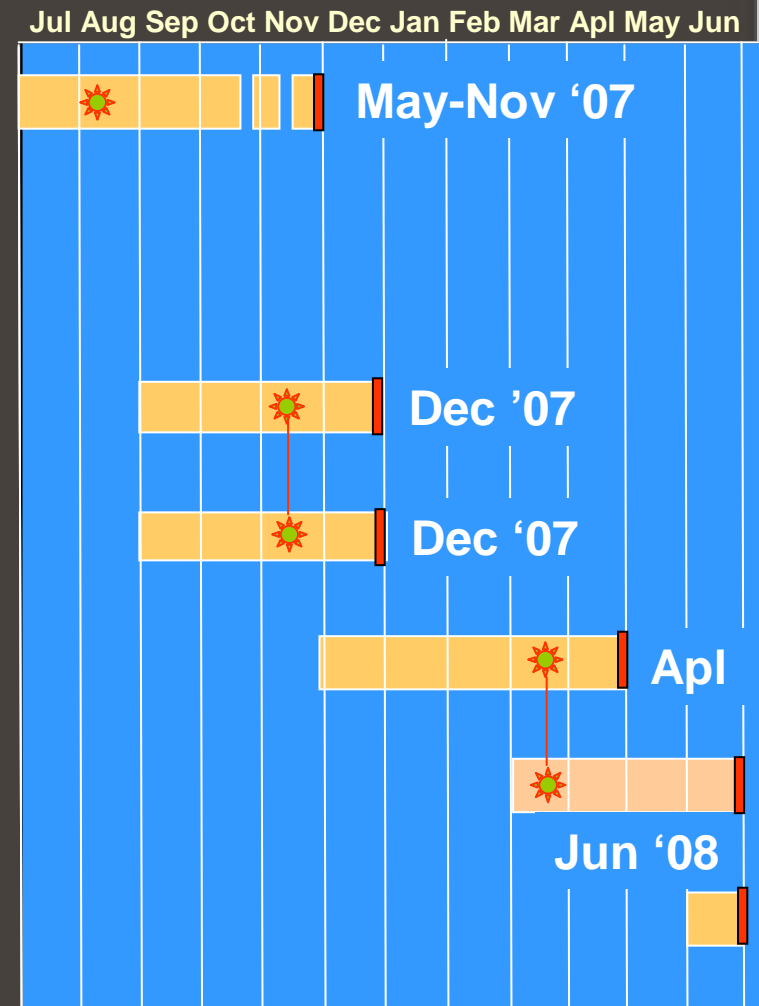
Stage 2: Selection of Favoured Pathways

Stage 2-3: Theme/Scenario Development

Stage 3: Theme/Scenario Analysis

Stage 4: Gap Analysis

Final Report



Have we got it right?

2000 2005 2030 2050

We are developing a high level process to develop strategy ... including for the identification of energy research priorities for New Zealand:

- **Have we got the methodology right? ...**
- **Have we got the scope right?**
- **What do you see as the priority outputs?**
- **Have we got the level of stakeholder engagement right?**
- **What changes would you suggest?**



Further Questions?



New Zealand's EnergyScape

1st Stakeholder Workshop

Indigenous Resources and Energyscape

Rilke de Vos (NIWA)

9 August 2007



EnergyScape question?

2000

2005

2030

2050

What is wrong with New Zealand's Energy system?

- Insufficient investment?
- Dependence on imports?
- Regulation?
- Lack of planning?
- Mixed signals?
- Risk averse?
- Lack of knowledge?
- Access to technology?
- Skills / capacity?
- Enthusiasm?
- Limited demand?
- Limited capital?



Lack of ...

Collaboration & consensus

New Zealand's EnergyScape



Solution?

2000

2005

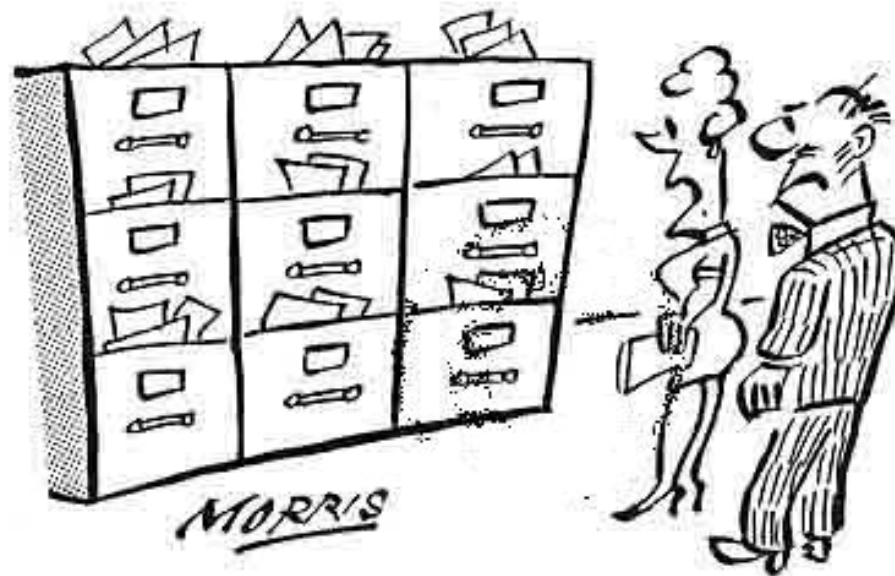
2030

2050

Common / shared filing system...

- Accessible & transparent
 - Self explanatory
 - Modifiable
 - Transparent

LEAP software v
databases



– Infrastructure limitation

New Zealand's EnergyScape



EnergyScape framework

2000

2005

2030

2050

Resources



- Imports
- Exports

- Renewable
 - Hydro
 - Wind
 - Solar
 - Marine
- “Earth”
 - Geothermal
 - Gas
 - Oil
 - Coal
- Biofuels
- Dist. Generation

Infrastructure



- Traditional
 - Road
 - Elec. grid / network
 - Gas distrib.
- Transport
- Conversion
 - Fertilizer
 - Coal to liquids
 - Sequestration
 - Wasteà biogas
- Hydrogen

Demand

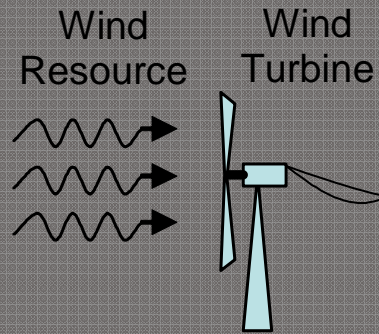


- Behavior
- Efficiency
- Mobility
 - Aviation
 - Shipping / rail
 - Heavy trans.
 - Passenger
- High grade heat
 - Cooking
 - Distillation
- Low grade heat
 - Space heating
 - Water heating
- Electricity
 - Appliances

Pathways ...

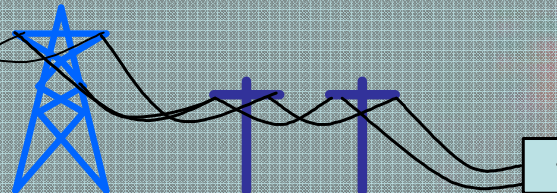
2000 2005 2030 2050

Generation



Infrastructure

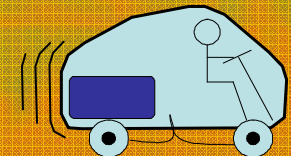
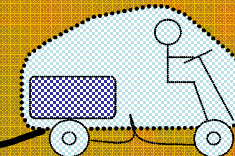
National and Local Grid



Demand

Onboard Battery Storage

Passenger-Kilometres



Supply

Your input?

Fertiliser

Wood pellets

Comb Heat Power

Algae liquids

Electric rail

Distributed Gen

Fisher Tropp

Solar Tower

MSW gassifier

Waste biodigestion

Bio refinery

Coal to Liquids

Hydrogen Ref

Hydrazine

Wind dam

REDOX batteries

Sequestration

CNG /LNG

MeOH fuel cells

Thermo-elec

Methane hydrates

Organic PV

Hot dry rock

1°, 2° & 3° biofuels

Electric vehicles

Petroleum refinery

Solar Hot Water

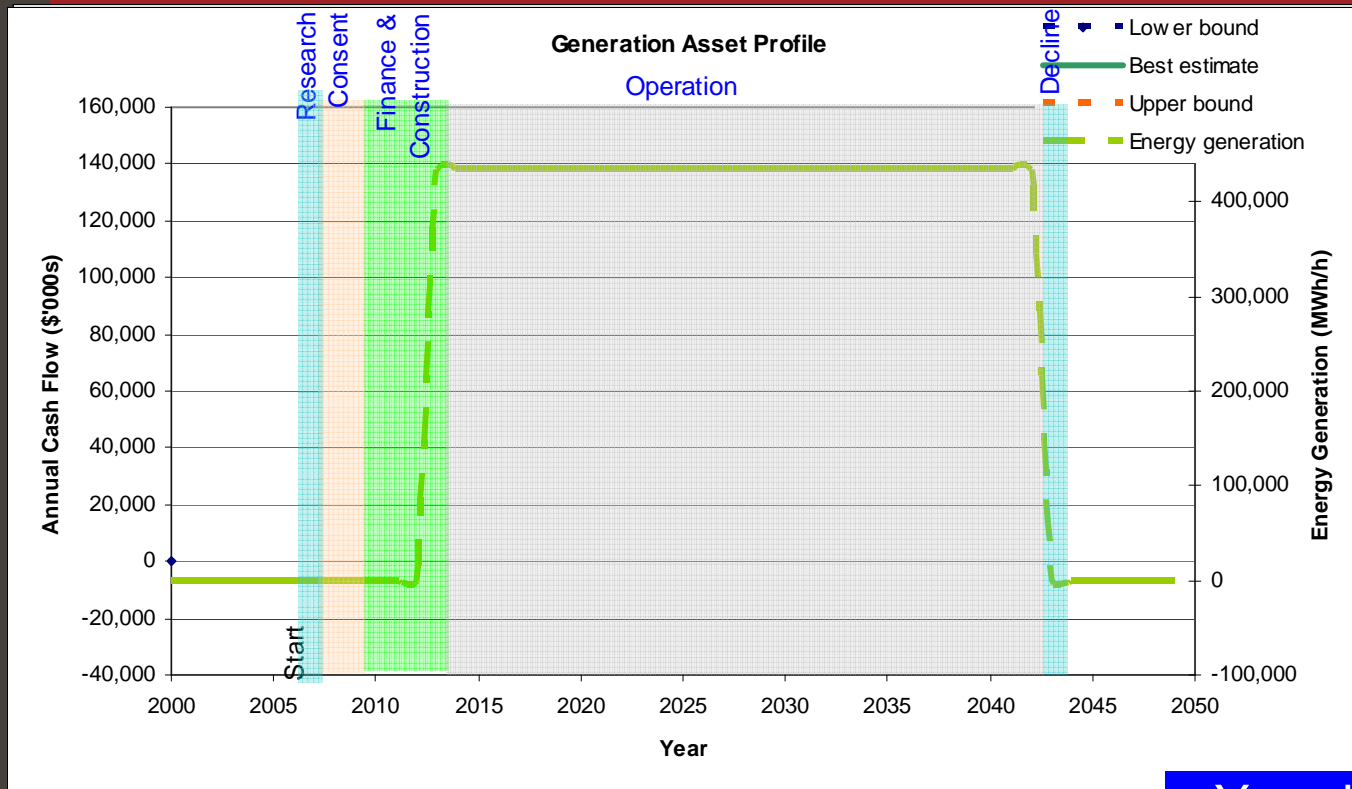
Supercritical water

Wave energy

New Zealand's EnergyScape



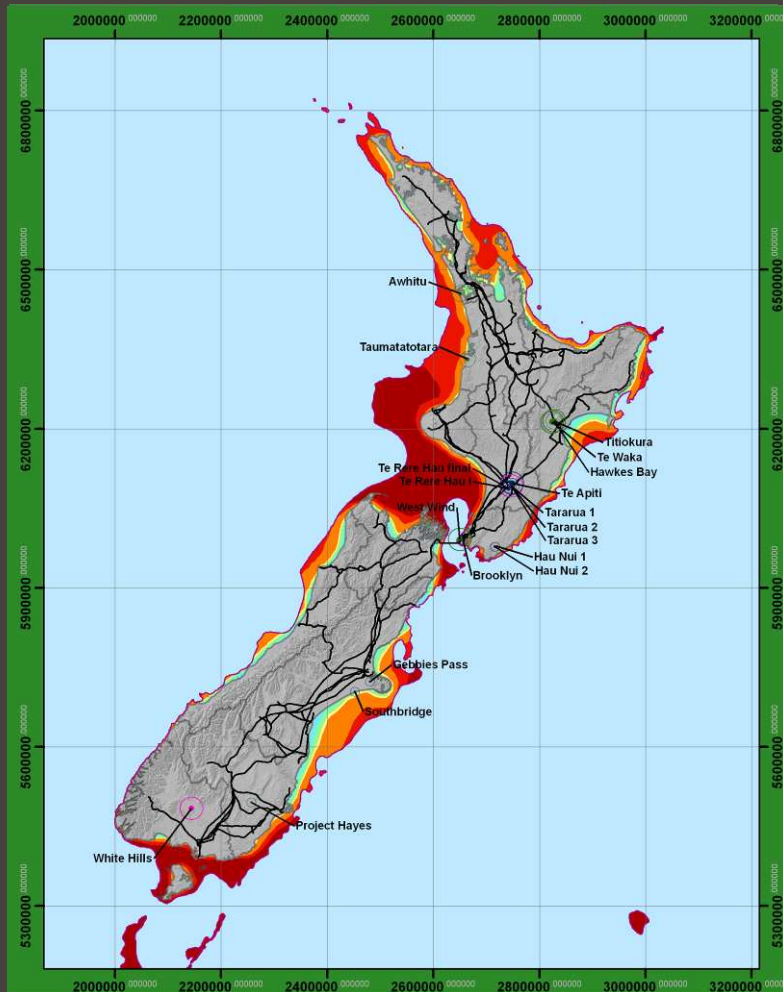
Resource & infrastructure data



Your input?

- **Asset parameters**
 - Start / commission date
 - Project & research delay
 - Longevity
 - Capacity – Firm; Peak
 - Efficiency
 - Geo –location
- **Detail per phase**
 - Duration
 - Cost (capital / operating)
 - Risk (0-5 stars)
 - GHG
 - Water demand

Example - wind resource



A universal technology, just looking for appropriate price!

- Existing asset register
 - Peak capacity
 - MED, EHMS & NZWEA
 - Firm capacity
 - EC dataset?
- Potential resource
 - NIWA climate network
 - NZLAM output
 - Vestas V63 curve
- Realisable
 - Urban areas / local opposition
 - DOC / Maori lands
 - Slope & elevation

Populate the database with good data!!

New Zealand's EnergyScape



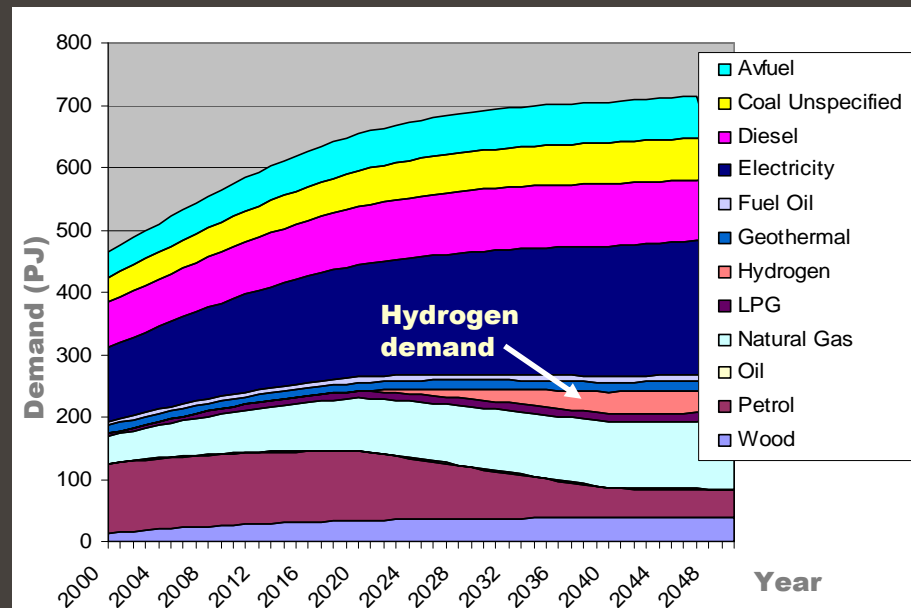
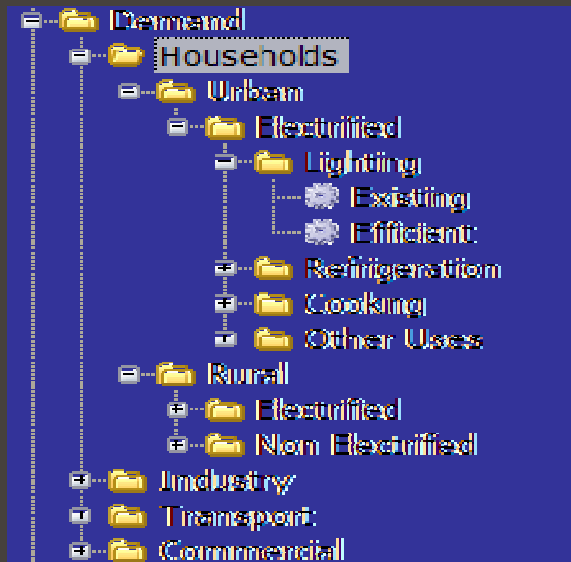
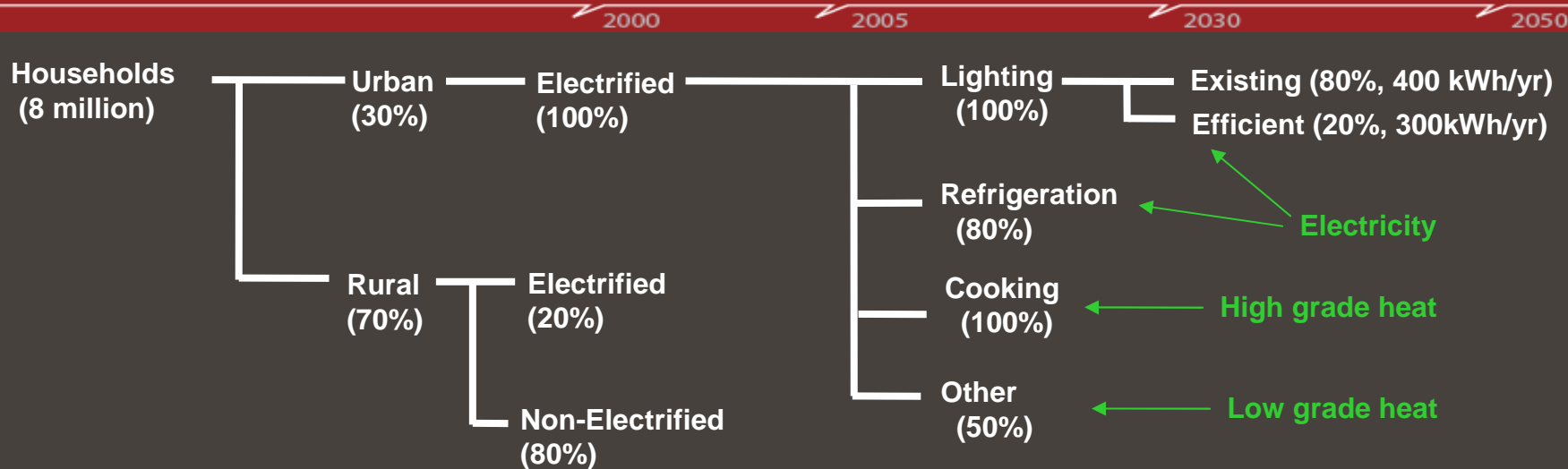
Wind resource

2000 2005 2030 2050



- **Delays**
 - 1 year research
 - 1 year consent
 - 2 year finance & construction
- **Risk**
 - 2 star consent
 - 0 stars in all other phases
- **Longevity**
 - 20 - 30 years
- **Cost**
 - Typically €1.18±0.35 million/MW
- **GHG**
 - Minimal GHG emissions except land clearance & emergy

Example - LEAP demand



New Zealand's EnergyScape

Forecasting ...

2000

2005

2030

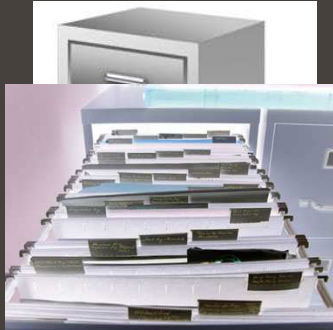
2050

Resources

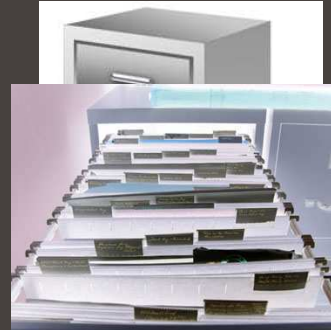
Infrastructure

Demand

- Commodity prices
- NZ dollar



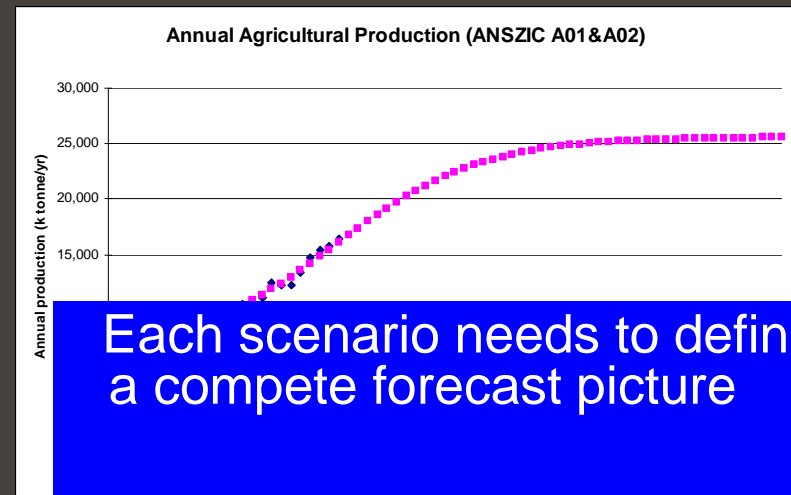
- Uptake rates
 - SHW / PV
 - Elect. Vech.
 - Industrial CHP
- Larger assets
 - Cost
 - GHG impact
 - Env. impact
 - Regulatory signals



- Demand following
- Planning
- Absolutes eg. Glenbrooke Steel

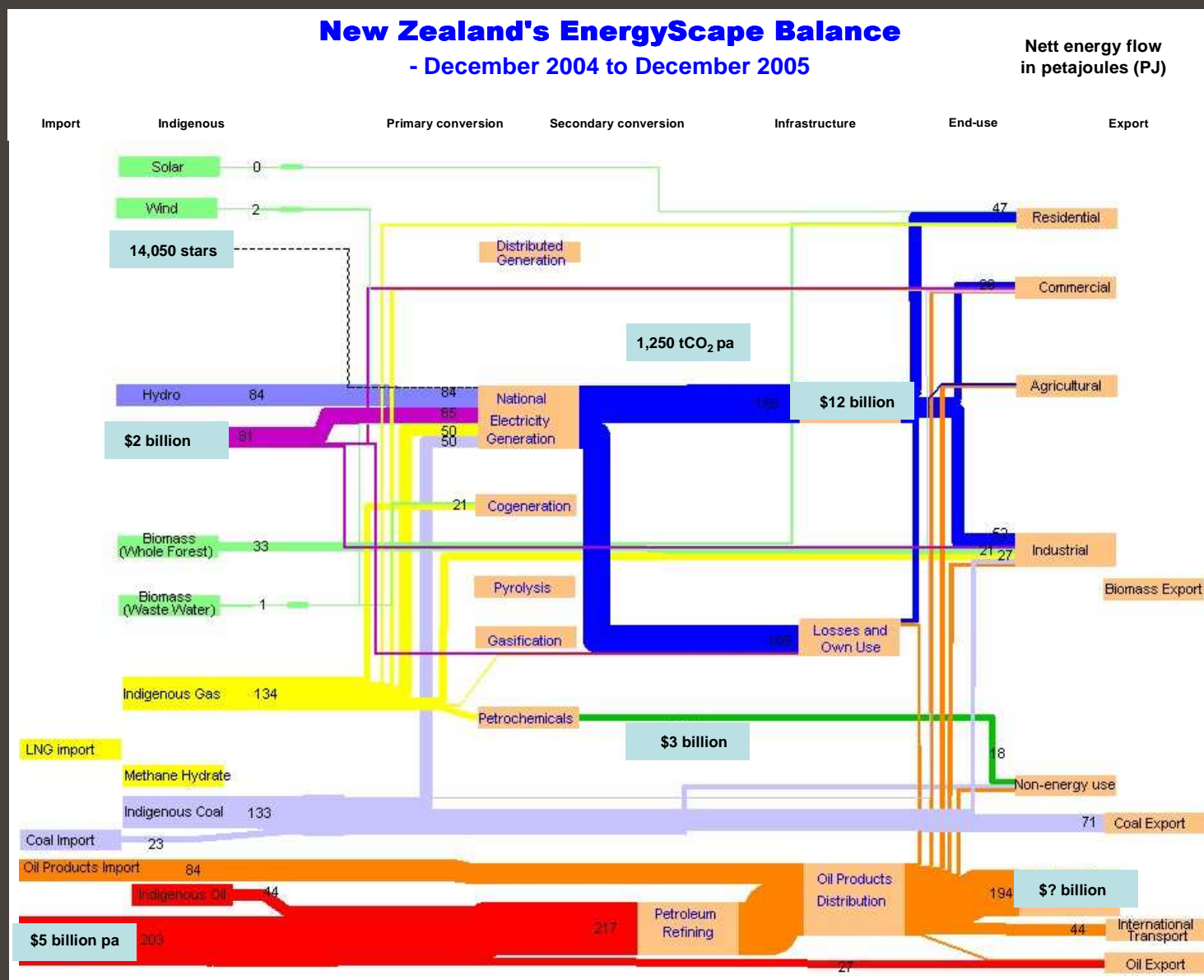


- Population
- GDP
- Behavior
- Efficiency
- Population proxies
- Commercial proxies & logistic growth

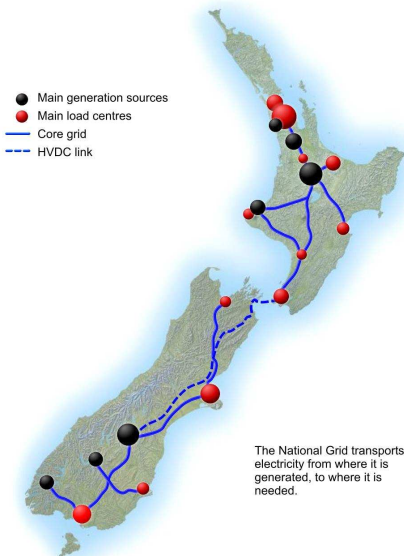


Each scenario needs to define a complete forecast picture

Sankey outputs



Bringing it all together



2000

2005

2030

2050

- Bridging a need
 - Framework for common communication
 - Identifying complete set of pathways
 - Progressive data input / scenario runs
 - Tools to review potential impact of policy
 - Identifying variability / uncertainty
 - Myth busting
- Improving energy information
 - Not just awareness
 - Order of magnitude
 - Relationships with GHG, water
 - Climate change surveys (Nielson & BBC)
- Regionalising for councils & Maori
- Energy community can play a role in development



Short Questions?

2000

2005

2030

2050

Panel questions?

New Zealand's EnergyScape



Have we got it right?

2000 2005 2030 2050

A high level process to develop strategy ...

1. Have we got the methodology right?
2. Have we got the scope right?
3. What do you see as the priority outputs?
4. Have we got the level of stakeholder engagement right?
5. What changes would you suggest?

Andrew a.campbell@crl.co.nz

Rilke r.devos@niwa.co.nz

John john.gifford@scionresearch.com

Peter peter.hall@scionresearch.com

Tony t.clemens@cri.co.nz

New Zealand's EnergyScape





New Zealand's EnergyScape

2000

2005

2030

2050

energyscape@niwa.co.nz

Andrew

a.campbell@crl.co.nz

Rilke

r.devos@niwa.co.nz

John

john.gifford@scionresearch.com

Peter

peter.hall@scionresearch.com

Tony

t.clemens@cri.co.nz

